

راهکارهای اجرایی در راستای نیل به توانمندیهای موردانتظار پزشکان عمومی در نظام خدمات سلامت کشور



توانمندی های مورد انتظار دانش آموختگان پزشکی عمومی در ایران

مهارت باليني

ارتقای سلامت و پیشگیری در نظام سلامت و نقش پزشک

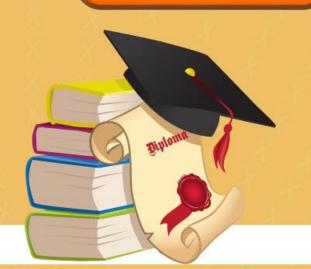
> تعهد حرفه ای، اخلاق و حقوق پزشکی

مهارت های برقراری ارتباط

پیشرفت فردی و فراگیری مستمر

مهارت های تصمیم گیری ، استدلال و حل مسئله

مراقبت بیمار (تشخیص ،درمان، بازتوانی)



- Outcome-based Medical Education
- Competency-based Medical Education
- Community-oriented Medical Education
- Community-based Medical Education
 - Responsiveness, Responsibility, Accountability



- Sunder Lal:
- Integration of Medical Education with Health-care Delivery System in India for Competency-based Learning
- Indian J Community Med.
 2018 Oct-Dec; 43(4): 251–
 254.



Quintero BMC Medicine 2014, **12**:213 http://www.biomedcentral.com/1741-7015/12/213





COMMENTARY

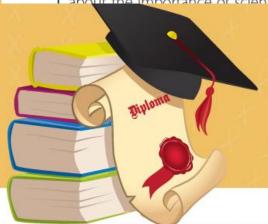
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Medical education and the healthcare system – why does the curriculum need to be reformed?

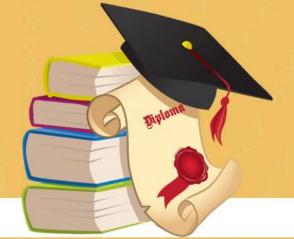
Gustavo A Quintero

Abstract

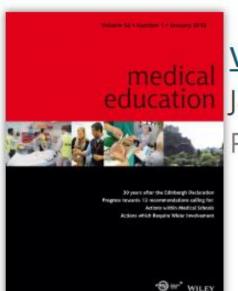
Medical education has been the subject of ongoing debate since the early 1900s. The core of the discussion is



 It is crucial to introduce sociohumanism and population health sciences (healthcare system) into the teaching of medicine, in an integrated manner, as well as to provide opportunities for students to train in teamwork, communication, and professionalism in order to be able to practice in an uncertain profession such as medicine.



- Charles Boelen:
- Coordinating medical education and health care systems: the power of the social accountability approach



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- 1988 Edinburgh Declaration on Medical Education
- Tomorrow's doctors (UK)
- 5 stars Doctor (WHO)
- a medical doctor with six key attributes consistent with national health system requirements (CanMed)
 - Physician Charter (USA, Europe)



 They all envisioned future doctors as professionals with expertise not only in biomedical disciplines but also in psychosocial ones



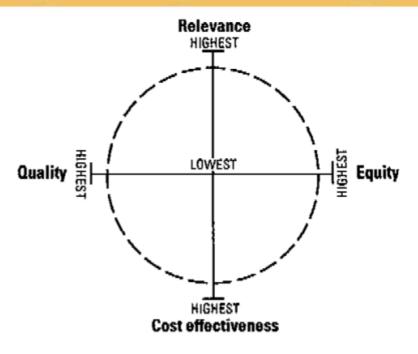


Figure 1. The four values of social accountability

 Obviously, for a medical school and a medical education programme to contribute to those values, solid partnerships must be interwoven with key health stakeholders in the health system



Social obligation of medical schools

- Courses
- Field visits assignments in community settings
- Community-based activities from the first year(LIC)

 The importance of this activity is also highlighted by role models, such as faculty members, from a variety of disciplines committing time and energy to supervise students when they are assigned to underserved areas.

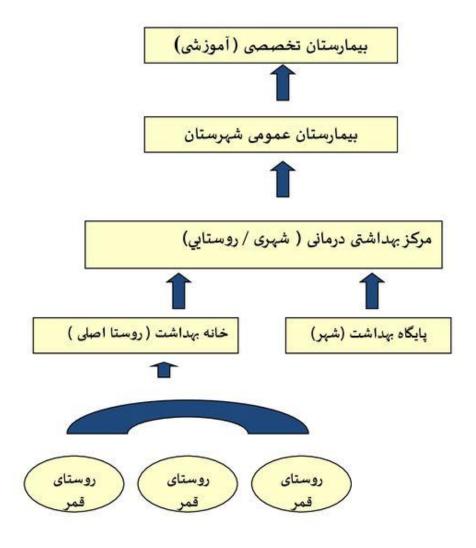


Graduates



Social Obligation Scale			
Responsibility Responsiveness Accountability			
Social needs identified	Implicitly	Explicitly	Anticipatively
Institutional objectives	Defined by faculty	Inspired from data	Defined with society
Educational programmes	Community-oriented	Community-based	Contextualised
Quality of graduates	« Good » practitioners	Meeting criteria of professionalism	Health system change agents
Focus of evaluation	Process	Outcome	Impact
Assessors	Internal	External	Health partners

سطوح ارائه خدمات شبكه بهداشتي درماني دانشگاهي و نظام ارجاع



راهكارهاي پيشنهادي



- ادغام آموزش مبتنی بر جامعه از سال اول بطور طولی LIC
- ظرفیت سازی در نظام ارائه مراقبت سلامت (سطوح مختلف) شامل توجیه و حمایت طلبی معاونت های بهداشتی، آموزش پرسنل بهداشتی، توانمندسازی پزشکان عمومی، توانمندسازی متخصصین پزشکی خانواده و MPH های یزشکی خانواده در سیستم ، اهتمام در ایجاد ظرفیت های محیطی برای اموزش)

- استفاده از سایر بخش ها در آموزش و کسب مهارت های پاسخگوی اجتماعی (شهرداری ها، بهزیستی،NGO ها، ...)
 - تلاش و اولویت دادن دانشگاهها به ایجاد مراکز جامع سلامت آموزشی
- آموزش عملی عدالت در سلامت و تعیین گرهای اجتماعی سلامت و ارائه خدمات به افراد به حاشیه رانده شده در متن جامعه
 - تشخیص اجتماعی
 - نسخه نویسی اجتماعی

با سیاس

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